A TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

THE EXPLOSION OF A CANNON

One Young Man Killed and Several Others Terribly Mutilated The Result of Foolishness.

HALSHY VALLEY, N. Y., Nov. 21 .- A peentiarly sad accident occurred here last night by which several young men were seriously injured and one died. The accident was all the outcome of an attempt to celebrate an occurrance which has been the subject of a great deal of gossip. Some days ago a disturbance arose between two families living close together. The husbands and wives of both families separated on Friday last after a quarrel but made up and matters went on as before. A few young men got together and chose Saturday evening to give the parties a salute, fired a cannon four times and the affair was adjourned till last night. Then they met aga'n and three volleys were fired. They were re-loading for the fourth shot when the powder in the cannon became ignited. A terrific explosion followed, and when the smoke cleared away a sickening sight was revealed. Ellsworth Kirk, who had been pounding the wadding, lay with his eyes blown out and the blood oozing from his face. He was alive but insensible. Shortly afterward he died. The others suffered the loss of eyes and fingers. The sufferers were conveyed to their boxnes and medical aid summoned. The list of the injured is as follows: Fred Kirk, brother of Ellsworth, badly burned about the hands: George Hess, lost both eyes; Henry Evlin, badly burned about the head and body and legs burned to a crisp; Sumner Rosebrooks, lost en eye and a finger; Al. Winters and Elijah Bostron, burned about the face and neck. It was the saddest accident which ever occurred in this vicinity. ing to give the parties a salute.

IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENTS.

A Report That There is a Witness Who Knows the Crouch Murderer.

Special Dispatch to THE TELEGRAM. JACKSON, Nov. 21 .- Juror Perry, in the Crouch trial, is still indisposed, and the case was adjourned again from to-day until Monday. A rumor prevails to-day of important disclosures regarding the Crouch murder. The rumor is that a man in the northern part of the State was at the Crouch house on that terrible night a year ago, and saw three men enter the house. He escaped and knows the perpetrators. Detective Harris, of the Pinkerton force, took the case in hand to-day, and will sift it to the bottom.

Foul Air and Fatal Fever.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 21.-An unknown but tatal fever is raging in one of the wards in the Kansas State Penitentiary. Sixty convicts were attacked in one day and ten have died. The disease begins like typhoid-malarial fever, which lasts twenty four ours and then cools off. The legs and arms of the patient then break out in sores and the victim dies in a few hours. Dr. Neely and the convict physician are doing all they Warden Jones has had other parts of the prison quarantined. There are 670 convicts confined there. It is thought the disease is caused by foul air.

The Fawcett Banking.

London, Ont., Nov. 21 .- At a largely attended meeting of creditors of the defunct Fawcett Banking Company, held at Watford yesterday afternoon, Mr. Fawcett presented a long list of losses he sustained through various parties, aggregating \$145,297. He had a statement showing his total assets Oct. 13, 1884, as \$267,228.08; liabilities, \$216,-279,92 (of which \$196,279,92 is due deposi tors); surplus of assets, \$50,948.16. Of the assets only \$3,000 is cash on hand, the remainder being mortgages, accounts, real estate, timber limit, and office furniture.

Claims Against Garfield's Estate.

Boston, Nov. 21 .- A Washington special to the Record says: "Mr. Rose, a clerk in the Treasury Department, acted for a year as private secretary for General Garfield. His services were never paid for. After a long correspondence he has placed his claim for \$13,000 in General Butler's hands for collection. Mrs. Garfield offered him \$3,000, but he insists upon having the whole amount paid. It is hoped some settlement may be made without bringing the matter into

The Conference.

Bessin, Nov. 21 .- The West African Conference to-day concluded taking evidence from technical advisers as to the character of the Congo Basin. A resolution was then adopted favoring the free navigation of the Congo Estawry.

Germany supports the pretensions of Eng-land in regard to the Niger, but stipulates for an increased protection of German traders in that region. It is understood that the American delegates also side with Eng-

From the Pacific Coast.

PORTLAND, Nov. 21 .- Emigration to Oregan is increasing. Over eight hundred have arrived since the first of November at Portland. They are a good class of people and come to make Oregon their permanent home. The weather is mild and roses are still

Both sides are claiming the delegate from Washington Territory and the Demo-erats are crying frand. An official count will be required to settle the matter.

The Swaim Case.

Washington, Nov. 21 .- The entire day was consumed in the Swaim court-martial by argument on demurrers. All pending questions were disposed of by the time of ad-journment. The Judge Advocate gave notice that he would present additional charges to-morrow against Gen. Swarm.

A Successful Strike.

HAVERBELL, Mass., Nov. 21.-The labor white at C. H. Hoyt & Co's above factory was settled at noon by the proprietors hiring again the men whose discharge caused the difficulty. All the workmen have returned to work. This is regarded as a trinmph for the Raights of Labor.

Frisbie Gons Free.

Personage Ore., Nov. Il. Printe, wie published the First National Bank of Portland worst months ago and was explused in New ork and brought back, one this aftern-

THE PLENARY COUNCIL.

The Discussions Yesterday The Creditors' Petition Received.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 21 .- The daily seesions of the Plenary Council were resumed at the Seminary this morning. A special session of theologians and bishops was held this afternoon at the Cathedral to finish up the work of the week preparatory to the reading on Sunday of the decrees formulated during the week. A circular letter has been received by members of the Council from the association of the creditors of the late Archbishop Purcell, of Cincinnati, appealing to the Council for its offices in liquidation of the claims. A prominent theologian said this evening he did not think the Counsaid this evening he did not think the Council would take any action in the matter, as the subject, being local, did not come within the scope of the discussions of the body. It is thoroughly understood, indeed it has been intimated by several prominent members of the Council, that the Council experienced considerable difficulty in arranging sections of the canon laws so that they might harmonize with civil laws gov-erning certain States. In considering this important subject the Council proceeded with the utmost care, and it was only after most profound deliberation that it was decided that the Catholic Church in the United States be ruled by the canon law. The regular evening services were held at the cathed-ral this evening. Right Rev. Wm. H. Gross, D. D., Bishop of Savannah, preached on "Missions for the Colored People."

HATTON TO MEDILL.

A Letter in Which the Postmaster-General Explains.

Washington, Nov. 21.-Postmaster-General Hatton to-day addressed a letter to Joseph Madill, editor of the Chicago Tribune, replying to a statement originating with Clarkson, of the Republican National Committee, recently published in the Tribune, in which Clarkson after giving many reasons why Blaine was defeated, said: "The order of Postmaster-General Hatton requiring the New York postoffice, with its thousands of clerks and carriers be kept open, prevented enough Republicans from voting to have overcome what is now claimed as a Cleveland plurality." In his letter Hatton says no such order as that referred to by Clarkson was issued by him; that he was in Burlington, Iowa, at the time; that in reply to a telegram on the subject he informed to a telegram on the subject he informed Elkins that there was no law making election-day a holiday, but that the postmaster of New York, if he desired, could certainly manage to allow the employes in his office to vote without seriously interfering with the delivery of the mails, and that General Hazen, who was acting postmaster at the time, telegraphed Postmaster Pearson that the employes should have full opportunity to ex-

ercise the right of suffrage.

The Court of Queen's Bench. LONDON, Nov. 21.-The suit of Adams against Coleridge was commenced to day in the Court of Queen's Bench. The plaintiff claims \$50,000 damages for accusations affeeting his moral character made by the defendant in a letter to his sister, Miss Mildred Mary Coleridge, to whom the plaintiff was until recently engaged to be married. Several domestic scandals will, it is said, be unearthed during the progress of the trial. A number of prominent men and women of high rank have been subpensed as witnesses to prove the charges made by Mr. Coleridge, and it is expected that his father, Lord Chief Justice Coleridge, and his sister will also go on the witness stand. At a late hour this afternoon the case was

adjourned, no decision having been reached.

A Careless Thief.

NEWARK, N.J., Nov.21.-General Williams, of Morristown, N. J., had a coat stolen while he took dinner in the Park Hotel today. The coat contained a negotiable bond for \$1,000. Detectives were placed on the case, and the coat found in a pawn-broker's shop with the bond in the pocket, it having been overlooked by the thief.

Drowned in a Swill-Barrel.

Special Dispatch to THE TELEGRAM. ALLEGAN, Nov. 21 .- An eighteen-monthsold child of Henry Pierce, of Monterey, in this county, fell into a swill-barrel this afternoon and was drowned.

Appeals Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.-In view of the recent decision of the Supreme Court to the effect that appeals could not be taken from the Commissioner of Patents to the Secretary of the Interior, Secretary Teller has dismissed all such appeals now pending.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES. A snowstorm raged all day Thursday at Quebec, with the thermometer at zero.

The Mayor of Philadelphia recommends the City Council to permit the famous Lib-erty Bell to be exhibited at the New Orleans

Arthur Clark, a sailor, was found dying Thursday in a New York boarding-house of yellow fever. No other persons in the build-

Clergymen of various sects held a meeting Thursday, at New Haven, Conn., and agreed to hold a congress of American churches in that city next May.

David Eastman, a farmer at Harlem, Ill., loses his farm and home, worth \$5,000, having wagered it against that amount that Blaine would be elected.

Emma Dickens carved her husband with a large knife at Joliet, Thursday, inflicting fatal wounds. Dickens was living apart from the woman, and his refusal to increase her monetary allowance led to the cutting.

Carriage hardware manufacturers representing \$4,000,000 capital formed a National association Thursday, at Meriden, Conn., and decided upon a pooling combination for the restriction of goods placed upon the

Twenty seven cases of small-pox occurred Thursday in the village of Sioco, Can., and business is entirely suspended. At certain railway stations intending travelers can not procure tickets unless they show clean bills of health.

Yesterday's Inter Ocean says: The strange disease reported Wednesday as prevailing in Virginia, also exists in Kentneky and West Virginia, where whole families have been

A JERSEY SENSATION.

TWO DEMOCRATS AT VARIANCE

Rich Developments of a Suit Brought by One Against the Other-An Afflicted Reporter.

NEWARK, N.J., Nov. 21 .- Matthew C. Eaton, who claimed to be a nephew of ex-Senator Eaton, of Connecticut, caused a sensation here to-day by bringing suit against Wm. Shurts for a part of the expenses of a trip to Chicago to attend the National Democratic Convention. Both are prominent society men and members of the Jeffersonian Club, a political organization composed of leading Democrats of the city. At the trial Shurts claimed that Eaton hired the Associated Press reporter to go with him and puff him in the press. Eaton also induced Shurts to pass as his private secretary in order to impress ex-Senator Eaton of his importance, When the party reached Chicago ex-Senator Eaton gave his alleged nephew letters to prominent men, to deliver in the case that Cleveland could not be nominated. They were to "boom" the ex-Senator. Mr. Shurts declared the ex-Senator always addressed M.
C. Eaton as Mr. Eaton. He also says
M. C. Eaton tried to pass as an
influential politician, and that it cost him
several thousand dollars to do it After the Chicago convention Eaton proposed a trip to the Yellowstone Park in Dakota. As a matter of convenience Eaton suggested to the Associated Press reporter that passes might be secured. The reporter got passes, and the party went to Yellowstone Park. On the return Eaton told the reporter to stay in Chicago, and he would send him money to return. This he forgot to do. By a strange circumstance the reporter happened to be in Newark to-day, and Eaton had bim arrested for obtaining money under false pretenses. The reporter expostulated but he was held in bail. The trial will be resumed on Wednesday next. Eaton is looked upon as an ecce nday next. Eaton is looked upon as an eccentric individual, is about thirty years of age and is possessed of considerable means. His main object in life seems to be to pose as an influential politician. He calls the president-elect "Grove," and Hendricks "Tom." Mr. Shurts is a highly respected citizen and senior member of the firm of VanAlstyne & Shurts. The newspaper man seem to be the most unfortunate one of the lot. His name is Grange Stevens. He is lot. His name is Orange Stevens. He is well known in New York journalistic circles.

MURDEROUS CONSPIRACY.

An Attempt to Kill an Important Wit-

ness Against Illegal Voters. CHICAGO, Nov. 21.-The existence of a conspiracy to kill Orange D. Douglass, a detective and deputy United States Marshal, who is the principal witness against William J. Clinger, John H. Stearns and Frank A. Owen, charged with the illegal registration of voters, is claimed by United States Attorney Tuthill. Douglass was waylaid while crossing a vacant lot on Center avenue after dark last night by two masked men and cruelly beaten. The assault was so sudden and the night so dark Douglass caught but a very imperfect glimpse of the men. After knocking him down, they beat him terribly over the head and left him dead. Douglass remained in the position he was felled until 7 o'clock this morning, when he was discovered by passers by. Tuthill is satisfied that the assault is connected with the case against the above-named parties, and says this is the second attempt to murder Douglass, he having been twice fired at within a week near the same point. Douglass will recover.

A RECEPTION TO GREELY.

The New York Geographical Society Entertain the Explorer.

New York, Nov. 21 .- A reception given to Lieut. Greely by the New York Geographical Society, at Chickering Hall, to-night, was largely attended. Among the prominent gentlemen present were Gen. Hazen, chief signal officer; Judge Charles P. Daly, president of the New York Geographical Society; Chief Engineer Melville and Prof. Theodore Dwight, and a large number of naval officers and others who have at different times taken an active part in Arctic exploring expedi-tions, including several of the Greely party. Lieut. Greely spoke at length recounting his experiences in the Arctic region. He paid a high tribute to the bravery and fidelity of his comrades.

A Business Melody.

There was a man in our town, and he was wondrous wise, for when he marked his prices down he then did advertise.

And when he saw his trade increase, with all his might and main he marked still lower every price, and advertised again.

And when he advertised again, his rivals stamped and tore, to see folks rush with might and main to patronize his store.

And while they sat in solitude and saw him custom win, that man behind the counter stood and raked the sheckels in. And when he raked the sheckels in, and

saw his fortune rising, he took a goodly lot of tin and kept on advertising. Each day a generous sum he'd sink and demonstrate full plain the more one pays for printer's ink the greater is his gain, -Kr.

A Fearful Scourge.

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 21.-In Tweed village the black small-pox is increasing. The farmers in the neighborhood have purchased a full supply of provisions, built fences around the houses and closed their doors against the neighbors for fear that the scourge will be carried into their families. Patients are neglected and left to die without assistance. In the village of Haco business is entirely suspended. The village is cut off from the outside world.

The French Farmers.

Pages, Nov. 21 .- At a meeting of French farmers held to-day, a resolution was adopted recommending to the government a tag of 5 france per quintal on corn, or a sliding scale, with 5 france as a maximum.

Awaiting for Henry's Answer. VIRNER, Nov. 21. Henry M. Stanley has been invited to lecture before the Viceina sgraphical Society. He has not yet replind to the invitation.

Egypt.

Carno, Nov. 21 .- The robels have recure ied Berber, and are so namerous in the icinity of Tamal and Handonb sa to pre-ent the completion of the callway to the

CLEVELAND NOTIFIED.

He Returns His Thanks and Receives Congratulations.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 21 .- Cleveland was busily engaged to-day in executive business and receiving visitors. Soon after the Board of Canvassers adjourned, the Democratic members, consisting of Comptroller Chapin, Attorney General O'Brien, State Treasurer Maxwell, and State Engineer and Surveyor Sweet, called at the chamber and formally notified the Governor of the result of the late election in his elevation to the presi-dency. Cleveland thanked the gentlemen dency. Cleveland thanked the gentiemen for the courtesy, and after a few pleasant remarks they retired. Soon after a special committee of the Cleveland and Hendricks Insurance Club of New York, called upon the Governor and presented him with a set of beautifully enpresented him with a set of beautifully en-grossed resolutions, expressing their unquali-fied gratification at the election of Cleveland and Hendricks, conveying congratulations to the president-elect for the noble record he had made for honesty, integrity, faithful-ness and reform in the respective offices he has held.

HANGED TILL DEAD.

A Child-Slayer Suffers the Extreme Penalty.

Sr. Louis, Mo., Nov. 21.-Oliver H. Batenan was hanged at Savannah, Mo., to-day, for the murder of Austie and Adella Mc-Laughlin, aged respectively nine and seven years, on Sunday, Aug. 21 last. The girls visited Bateman's at noon, ate dinner there and then started for home. This was the and then started for home. This was the last seen of them alive. Monday morning the mutilated bodies of both girls were found in a cornfield. The coroner's jury after several days' session, returned a verdict, "Died by the hands of parties unknown." Newton Batema and his brother, Oliver, were suspected of the crime. Oliver Bateman was arrested Sept. 5 and it was found that the ball taken from the head of Austie McLaughlin fitted Oliver's pistol. He afterward made a full confession. At the trial, Oct. 2, he refused ceunsel to de-At the trial, Oct. 2, he refused counsel to de-fend him, pleaded guilty, and on Oct. 1 was sentenced to be hanged Nov. 21,

Asking a Grant.

Paris, Nov. 21.-The government has applied to the Chambers for a second grant of \$120,000 to cover expenses arising from the

Cholera Cases. Paris, Nov. 21.-Fourteen new cases cholers were reported from Oran to-day.

ECHOES FROM ABROAD.

from Balmoral Thursday in excellent

The German Reichstag was opened Thursday with the usual formalities, The Emper-or, in the course of his speech, spoke of the continued accord between Germany and

In the Congo Conference, now in session at Berlin, John A. Kasson, the American Minister to Germany, announced that Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, had been appointed technical delegate to the conference for America.

A new German translation of the works of Charles Dickins is being issued by H. Genesius of Halle at 2 marks 50 pfennig, or about 62 cents a volume. Six volumes have appeared, containing "David Copperfield,"
"Oliver Twist," "Bleak House," and "Harte

A correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette calls attention to the alarming mortality among bishops' wives. It appears that at present there are six bishops who are widowers, five who have been married twice, and one, the Bishop of Liverpool, who has been married three times.

Dr. Franz Liszt sends a letter to a German paper, stating that he is overburdened with appeals for his autograph and requests to examine musical compositions and to give his opinion upon them, and that he now informs unsolicited correspondents that their letters will receive no answer.

In the northeastern island of Terra de Fuego the native people, who inter-marry frequently with the more southern Yahgan (as they are called by the English mission aries), are the tallest race on the globe, according to the report of the French mission to Cape Horn presented to the academy of Science, Paris, by Dr. Hahn. In stock and speech these tall people appear closely re-lated to the Patagonians of the Continent.

A Minnesota Hen.

1St. Paul Day.] He came into the office and said he liked the paper and wanted to belp it. He was a granger living about seventeen miles out on the Manitoba road. "It's one of my hens I want to tell you about," he said, "It's her intelligence. She knows more than a horse. That hen is really religious, and I can prove it, and I will tell you how. She's a plain, ordinary, everyday dominick hen, and very regular in ber habits; but a few weeks ago she stopped flaying. My wife was a good deal troubled about it, thought maybe the dominick wasn't well, or something of that sort; but it turned out it wasn't anything of the kind. We'd been talking a good deal about a Baptist preacher who was going to make us a visit, and I suppose the hen heard us. Well, the preacher came, and that afternoon my wife heard a great cackling in the barn, and went out. What d'you suppose she found? Why, that hen had just laid a dozen eggs! She'd been holding back, you see, so that the eggs would all be fresh. She only does this, though, for that one preacher. She's a Baptist herself, and it's only when the Baptist preacher comes that she's so thoughtful. It's the curiousest thing I ever saw." And then the granger went away. He looked like a truthful man, but what he related hardly seems possible. Both Huxley and Tennyson agree that the most an ordinary dominick ber can lay in a single day is seven.

Golden Fruit on & Pear Tree. [Ithnes Journal]

along the street. He knew that he had it when he dreated himself in the morning and as he had not changed his cicthes during the day the unwelcome concluwas arrived at that some pickpocks; bad appropria ed it. Later in the day he re-sumed the task of picking pears from a tree which he had began to strip in the morning, and about the flot thing he saw when he accepted the inditor was his more

FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

THE ENGLISH DEBT FROM MEXICO

Nightly Hiots Over the Debates in the Chamber---The West African Conference---Other Affairs.

Mexico, Nov. 21 .- The discussion of the bill converting the English debt and allowing a large commission to the managers of the funding operations, has caused such indignation among the people that riots have been of nightly occurrence. The debates in the chamber have been very exciting. Federal troops are in The constant readiness to suppress

constant readiness to suppress disgorders, and this adds to the popular anger. The attitude of Diaz, who is soon to be sworn in as President, is eagerly discussed. A crowd surrounded his house last night and made speeches urging him to disapprove the bill. It was afterwards learned that he was not at home. The house yesterday afternoch postponed the bill until after Diaz's installation, which action was hailed with tremedous applause by the crowd in the gallery. Meanwhile a riot was in progress outside the chamber. The troops charged upon the people with swords, striking only with the flat sides. A son of President Gonzalez commanded the cavalry. The contest lasted only ten minutes, when Gonzales' life seemed in danger. The guards massed and charged danger. The guards massed and charged the crowd, dispersing the rioters. It is ex-pected the people will quiet down now. They seem to have confidence in Diaz.

WOMEN'S WHIMS.

How the Wives of Department Officials Stand in the Way of Female Employes. [Washington Special.]

"It would never do for women to control politics. It would be outrageous," exclaimed an infuriated lady, in conversa-

tion with a correspondent to-day. "Why, have you been crossed in your aspirations?"

"No, I have not been crossed," replied the lady, "but heaven preserve some others," and she upturned her pretty eyes in reverence. "But that I am forbid to tell the secrets of my prison house, I could a tale unfold whose slightest word, etc. It is enough for me to say that the heads of some of the Government institutions are controlled so completely by their wives that the latter are indeed the Superintendents. I have in my mind the wife of a man who is at the head of an institution, who is so powerful with the influence Queen Victoria returned to Windsor Cas- over her husband that he can do nothing scarcely without consulting her. She is almost daily beside him at his desk. She goes through the place, looks around the employes, makes inquiries and knows about as much as the husband of what is going on. She keeps the people there on nettles. There is no lady about the instituiton that feels secure in her position after the wife makes her tour of inspection. They all fear that some jealous fancy will lead to dismissal. What poor woman is there who may not be wrongfully suspec ed? If the husband dares make a promotion of a lady, or grant a lady employe a kindness, the reason for such promotion or kindness must be explained to the wife, else her jealousy grows verdant and a storm brews. Do you know what I would do, had I the

power?" The correspondent gave it up.

"Well, sir," continued the lady, "I would pass a law forbidding the wives of the heads of all department bureaus and other institutions of the Government visiting their husbands during the hours of public or private business. That is, all such officers who have ladies under their supervision. And why would I do it? Because I would make it impossible for the whims or jealousies of a wife to step in between an employe and justice, and I would make it possible for the head of such institutions to promote or favor meritorious lady employes without requiring that head to make a diagram for the wife each time."

Running Up Stream. [Galena (III.) Gazette.]

The novel sight of the Mississippi flowing up stream was witnessed at North Pepin recently, when the Chippewa poured such volumes of water into the icwer end of the lake that it could not escape down stream. A number of illustrative incidents are noted by the Pepin Star. A mail carrier and his companion found it beyond their power to row a skiff down the Mississippi to a point opposite the mouth of the Chippewa. So great was the violence with which the roaring torrent poured out of the latter river against the Minnesota bluffs above Reed's landing that the water recoiled, bubbling, eddying and dividing, and even staying the current of the great Mississippl, which runs at a velocity of three miles per hour, and turning it back up stream at the same rate. Logs, drift-wood and all manner of debris floated up the Mississippi River into Lake Popin and to the shores at the village of Pepin, and on above the red, muddy waters of the Chippews could be seen even to Lake City. The steamer Robert Dodd was unable to tow a raft out of the mouth of the lake. The steamer Pepin encountered a stout resistance on Friday to get by the mouth of the Chippewa, in passing to and from Reed's. Another steamer, with a raft in tow, was welve hours pushing from Prescott to the head of Lake Pepin, the usual time being six hours. This is easily explained. The head of the law is not any higher than the Chippewa is at the ferry crossing at the "Flower Pot." At Pepin the water level is lower. Prescott is only seven feet higher by the railroad survey than the head of the lake, a distance A gentleman coming a watch valued at state of thirty miles. The rise at that place state missed his times are when he wanted to consult it reverday while walking was four or five feet. This affected the running current above Red Wing and up doub edly dealesed the relocity of the Mississippi unaffected by external cames. The river is stationary at the top of the rise, 14.6, which it reached year terday morning. It is falling all the way above Duboque—at St. Paul it registers

A 10-and to rising from Dubuque to St.

The Boers.

LONDON, Nov. 21 .- A disputch from Capelown says that Commissioner Dutoit, on hearing that British troops had started from England to sustain British authority over the territory disputed by the Boers, immediately hoisted the Transvaal flag over Montsiva's territory, and has promised to help the Land of Goshen to sustain its claim to the portion of territory which it has annexed. The alleged Goshen free-booters who recently defeated Montsiva's followers and occupied his country, are sending their wives and families to the Transvaal, preparatory to making a vigorous defense against any British force that may be sent against them.

TRADE AND FINANCE.

Grand Rapids.

TELEGRAM OFFICE, Nov. 21.

GRAIN—Corn, 56c. Onto, Esterse; retail Sic. Wheat: Chuson, 72; red long berry, 74; short berry, 72. Rye, 36 Hz, hegiste.

Flour and Fride—Pastry, 54 30 wholesale; \$5 00 retail; patent, \$6 30 wholesale, \$6 00 retail; mid dings, per ton, \$16 00 wholesale, \$6 00 retail; mid dings, per ton, \$16 00 wholesale, \$1 00 per cwt. Bran, per ton, \$15 00 wholesale; southe per cwt. Meal and feed, per ton, \$23 00 wholesale; \$1 25 per cwt.

cwt.
Phovisions—Boof, per side, \$3 6067 00. Vesle
\$8 6069 50, scarce. Lambs \$6 6060 50, mutton, \$6
65 50. Dressed hogs, \$5 6065 50. Pork: Per bid
mess, \$10 60, hams, 1456-150; shoulders, 56 for
smoked beef, 16c; lacon, 17-5c. Lard: Tierces,
16c kert beef, 16c; lacon, 17-5c. Lard: Tierces,

smoked beef, 16c; hacon, 175c. Lard: Tieres, 10c kettle.

BUTTER AND CHEESE—Butter: Tube and jure 20022c; creamery, tuts, 25c. Cheese: Fall cream 115c; half cream, 75c.

POULTRY—Spring chicken: Alive, Scilic per 2. Fowls: Alive, 765c; dressed, 56; Ho. Turkeys, Alive, 86; 10c; dressed, 100; 12c. Ducks, dressed, 196; 12c.

Eous-Fresh, lobs, 22c; busker lens, 22c.
VEOKTABLES-Potatoes: 2-6228c; sweet potatoes,
per bbl, \$2 5063 75. Onions: Per bu, yellow,
40c; silver skins, 50600c. Bests, per bu, \$50.
Cabbago, per hundred, \$3 0063 00. Squash, per
hundred, 7561 00. Turnius, per bu, 25c. Colory,
per doz, 35c25c. Cranberrys, \$5 00 per bu.
FRESH FRUITS-Apples, per bu, 25c 46c. Grapes
Kelley Island, 30c125c.
House, White clover, 125c; dark, 560c; strain Kelley Island, 10% 12%c. HONEY—White clover, 12%c; dark, 560%; strair

ed. Sc.
SALT—Syracuse, barrel, \$1 25; Saginaw, \$1 10.
SEEDS—Timothy, \$1 Nogl 75; clover, \$4 0064
red top, 75(s1 00.
Hines—Green, per lb, 7c; part cured, 8684; full
cared, 8346534; dry hides and kips, 85 12c; orlf
skins,green or cured, 10c; deacon skins, per piece,
20655c.

SHEEP PELTS—Shearlings or Summer skins, per piece, 106:23c; fall pelts, 409:70c; Winter pelts, \$1 0091 25. WOOL—Market 36:5c lower than during the pest week, and prices so unsettled as not to warrant a HAY-\$106(12; baled \$14 per ton wholesale: 806

Oc per cwt.
STRAW Per lond, \$364.
Wood—Hard, selling at \$2.50 per cord for block, wood-Hard, selling at \$2.20 per cord for block, split wood, \$2.75.

Coal.—Stove and nut, \$7.25 per tent egg and grate, \$7.00 per ten.

Kenesene—Water white, per gallon, 15%; legal test, 10%.

TALLOW—No. 1, 5%#25%c.

THE STOCKS.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21. In Wall street money closed easy at 1% per cent; Exchange closed stronger; posted rates, 1.826 4.86; actual rates 4.51 \ 64.81% for 60 days'; 4.85\@4.85\4 for demand. Governments closed irregular; currency 6's, 128 bid; 4's coupons,

122 bid; 414's coupons, 114% bid. Pacific valirond bonds closed as follows: Union Pacific first mortgaged bonds, 111% to 111%; land grant bonds, 106%; sinking funds, 114% bid;

Centrals, 109% to 110. Business in stocks to-day was on a limited scale, and there was but little interest evinced in the dealings. In the early trading there was considerable pressure to sell Lake Shore and New York Central. The latter was pressed for sale on reports from Chicago to the offset that the road has issued a large number of thirty days ticked for a further reduction in cost bound rates, and that the West Shore, on learning of this, had issued a circular announcing that It would not participate in the proposed meeting for the retoration of rates until these thirty-day tickets bee expired. Lake Shore was sold down on the vague rumor of unfavorable developments soon to be made public. It was stated in this connection that the statement for the quarter ending Sepember 30, would be very unfavorable, showing a large falling off in earnings. The selling of these stocks weakened the whole list, and in the first half hour prices dropped by to the per cent. The reports could not be verified, and the willing soon ceased. In the next hour and a balf to poon, the cliques bid up some of the leaders, causing the shorts to cover, and prices had fully rece by noon. Values made a further advance on small transactions up to 100 o'clock, when about the highest quotations of the day were touched but from this hour to the close the market weak on free realizations and raids by the bears. Onotations at the close were irregularly changed is compared with yesterday's prices, part of the list being fractionally higher, while others show similar declines. The specialties were dull. The

sales agregated 210,500 shares. GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago.

Reported expressly for Tun Mossoure Tun-ORAN by L. B. Eston & Co., Commission Merdants, Powers' Opera House block. The following table exhibits the fluctuations of

the Chicago grain markets posterday:

Art.	Month.	Openi'g	Higwest	Lowest.	Lioning
Whe't.	Dec	7216	78	7236	7
2.61	May	8756 8756	98% 80%	78%	735
Corn	Nov	80%	40%	29%	100
20	May	170	200	50	
Outre	Yest.	200	25%	254	200
Pork	Year	\$10 92%	\$30 95	\$20 77%	110 1734
Lard.	Nov.	\$ 5 M2	\$ 5 55	\$ 5 80	\$ 6 85
	Jan	· 作节	\$ 6 75	\$ 5 70%	\$ 6 70

Wheat Coch, 78c. Corn Coch, 364,c. Market